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## CE DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY FOR MACHINES

(DIRECTIVE 2006/42/EC)

## Manufacturer: FAAC S.p.A.

Address: Via Calari, 10-40069 Zola Predosa BOLOGNA - ITALY
Declares that: Operator mod. C850
is built to be integrated into a machine or to be assembled with other machinery to create a machine under the provisions of Directive 2006/42/CE;
conforms to the essential safety requirements of the following EEC directives:
2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive 2004/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
and also declares that it is prohibited to put into service the machinery until the machine in which it will be integrated or of which it will become a component has been identified and declared as conforming to the conditions of Directive 2006/42/EEC and subsequent amendments.

Bologna, 01-01-2012
The Managing Director
A. Marcellan


# CE DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY FOR CONTROL BOARD 

Manufacturer: FAAC S.p.A.
Address: Via Calari, 10-40069 Zola Predosa BOLOGNA - ITALY
Declares that: The E850 control board

- conforms to the essential safety requirements of the following EEC directives:

2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive 2004/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive

Additional information:
This product underwent a test in a typical uniform configuration (all products manufactured by FAAC S.p.A.).

Bologna, 01-01-2012
The Managing Director
A. Marcellan


# WARNINGS FOR THE INSTALLER <br> GENERAL SAFETY REGULATIONS 

1) ATTENTION! To ensure the safety of people, it is important that you read all the following instructions. Incorrect installation or incorrect use of the product could cause serious harm to people.
2) Carefully read the instructions before beginning to install the product.
3) Do not leave packing materials (plastic, polystyrene, etc.) within reach of children as such materials are potential sources of danger.
4) Store these instructions for future reference.
5) This product was designed and built strictly for the use indicated in this documentation. Any other use, not expressly indicated here, could compromise the good condition/operation of the product and/ or be a source of danger.
6) FAAC declines all liability caused by improper use or use other than that for which the automated system was intended.
7) Do not install the equipment in an explosive atmosphere: the presence of inflammable gas or fumes is a serious danger to safety.
8) The mechanical parts must conform to the provisions of Standards EN 12604 and EN 12605.
For non-EU countries, to obtain an adequate level of safety, the Standards mentioned above must be observed, in addition to national legal regulations.
9) FAAC is not responsible for failure to observe Good Technique in the construction of the closing elements to be motorised, or for any deformation that may occur during use.
10) The installation must conform to current Directives and Standards EN 12453 and EN 12445.
For non-EU countries, to obtain an adequate level of safety, the Standards mentioned above must be observed, in addition to national legal regulations.
11) Before attempting any job on the system, cut out electrical power.
12) The mains power supply of the automated system must be fitted with an all-pole switch with contact opening distance of 3 mm or greater. Use of a 6A thermal breaker with all-pole circuit break is recommended.
13) Make sure that a differential switch with threshold of 0.03 A is fitted upstream of the system.
14) Make sure that the earthing system is perfectly constructed and connect metal parts of the closure to it.
15) The automated system is supplied with an intrinsic anti-crushing safety device consisting of a torque control. Nevertheless, its tripping threshold must be checked as specified in the Standards indicated at point 10 .
16) The safety devices (EN 12978 standard) protect any danger areas against mechanical movement Risks, such as crushing, dragging, and shearing.
17) Use of at least one indicator-light (e.g. FAACLIGHT) is recommended for every system, as well as a warning sign adequately secured to the frame structure, in addition to the devices mentioned at point "16".
18) FAAC declines all liability as concerns safety and efficient operation of the automated system, if system components not produced by FAAC are used.
19) For maintenance, strictly use original parts by FAAC.
20) Do not in any way modify the components of the automated system.
21) The installer shall supply all information concerning manual operation of the system in case of an emergency and shall hand over to the user the warnings handbook supplied with the product.
22) Do not allow children or adults to stay near the product while it is operating.
23) Keep remote controls or other pulse generators away from children, to prevent the automated system from being activated involuntarily.
24) Transit is permitted only when the automated system is idle.
25) The user must not attempt any kind of repair or direct action whatever and contact qualified personnel only.
26) Check at least every 6 months the efficiency of the system, particularly the efficiency of the safety devices (including, where foreseen, the operator thrust force) and of the release devices.
27) Anything not expressly specified in these instructions is not permitted.

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We thank you for choosing this product. We are certain that it will fully meet your needs as to the performance it has been designed for This product has been designed and built for vehicle access control. AVOID ANY DIFFERENT USE.

Carefully read this manual supplied with the product as it contains important instructions regarding safety, installation, use and maintenance.

## 1 GENERAL

These instructions apply to the following models: C850
The C850 is an electromechanical operator designed for moving sliding gates.
The non-reversing system is guaranteed by an electric brake that prevents manual movement of the sliding leaf when the motor is stopped, and therefore does not require an electric lock.
A handy manual release makes it possible to manoeuvre the gate in case of black-out or operator inefficiency.
2 DESCRIPTION AND TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS


| C850 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply (+6\% / -10\%) | $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Limit switch type | Mechanical |
| Max absorbed power (W) | 1800 | Motor control | Inverter |
| Thrust on pinion ( N ) | 1800 | Usage temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $-20+55$ |
| Max torque (Nm) | 110 | Gearmotor weight (kg) | 49 |
| Pinion type | Z28 module 4 | Protection class | IP54 |
| Recommended max gate length (m) | 20 | Gearmotor dimensions | See Fig. 02 |
| Max leaf weight (kg) | 1800 | Frequency of use | INDUSTRIAL |
| Gate speed (m/min) | $\min 20$ <br> $\max 42$ | R.O.T. | CD continuous duty |



## 4 ELECTRICAL PREPARATIONS (standard system with right-hand opening)

1. Operator
2. Flashing lamp
3. BUS 2easy photocells
4. Traditional photocells
5. Key control

## 5 INSTALLING THE AUTOMATED SYSTEM

### 5.1 PRELIMINARY CHECKS

For the safety and correct operation of the automated system, ensure that the following conditions are met:

- The gate structure must be designed to be automated. In particular, the diameter of the wheels must conform to the weight of the gate being automated, there must be a guide on top and mechanical limit switches sized to suit the weight and speed of the movable leaf, to avoid derailment of the gate;
- Initially, leave at least 10 cm of clearance between the movable leaf stopping points (FCO and FCC) and the mechanical stops of the gate. The final adjustment is made once the inverter programming procedure is completed. Minimum distance 3 cm .
- The gate sliding rail must be linear and horizontal.
- Manual movement of the gate must be smooth along the entire stroke.
- The characteristics of the ground must guarantee sufficient solidity of the foundation plinth.
- No tubes or electrical cables should be present in the plinth digging area.
- If the gearmotor is exposed to vehicle transit, provide for adequate protection against accidental impact, when possible.
- Ensure that there is an efficient earth plate for connecting the gearmotor.

Should the various elements not meet the above-mentioned conditions, adjust them so they do.
5.2 WALLING IN THE FOUNDATION PLATE

1. Assemble the foundation plate as shown in Fig. 4.
2. The foundation plate must be positioned as shown in Fig. 5 (righthand closing) or Fig. 6 (left-hand closing) to guarantee the correct meshing between the pinion and the rack.



3. Set the foundation plinth as shown in Fig. 7 and wall in the foundation plate using one or more sheaths for running the electrical cables through the hole in the foundation plate.
Use a level to ensure that the plate is perfectly horizontal.
4. Wait for the cement to set.
5. Prepare the electrical cables for connecting the accessories and the electrical power, as shown in Fig. 3.
[安

## To facilitate connection to the control unit, pull out a stretch of cable measuring at least 1.5 m from the hole on

 the plate.

Fig. 7

1. Lift the cover to remove it (Fig. 8 ref. (1) ).
2. Position the operator on the foundation plate and secure it without tightening the nuts, Grover screws and washers supplied with the foundation plate (not provided) (Fig. 9 ref. (3) (4). When doing this, run the cables through the provided opening (Fig. 9 ref. (5).
3. Use the adjustment screws to set the height of the gearmotor (Fig. 10 ref. (6), referring to the measurements in Fig. 12.

Fig. 8

4. Use a level to ensure that the gearmotor is perfectly horizontal.
5. Move the gearmotor horizontally to adjust the distance from the rack (Fig. 11), referring to the measurements in Fig. 12.

## These operations are necessary to correctly


secure the rack and to make possible future adjustments.
6. Once the adjustment is completed, tighten the nuts temporarily (Fig. 9 ref. (4) and Fig. 10 ref. (6):
7. Prepare the gearmotor for manual operation, as described in paragraph 8.


### 5.4.1 WELD-ON STEEL RACK (Fig. 13)



Before installing the rack, release the gearmotor, as described in paragraph 8.

1. Install the three threaded pawls on the rack element, positioning them on top of the slot. In this way the play on the slot will make it possible to make future adjustments.
2. Manually set the leaf in closing position.
3. Evenly rest the first section of the rack on the pinion and weld the threaded pawl to the gate, as shown in Fig. 15.
4. Manually move the gate, ensuring that the rack is NOT resting on the pinion (leave 1.5 mm of clearance) and weld the second and third pawls.
5. Draw up another rack element to the previous one using a piece of rack to mesh the teeth of the two elements, as shown in Fig. 16.
6. Manually move the gate and weld the three threaded pawls, continuing until the gate is completely covered.


### 5.4.2 SCREW-ON STEEL RACK (Fig. 14)

Before installing the rack, release the gearmotor, as described in paragraph 8.

1. Manually set the leaf in closing position.
2. Rest the first piece of rack level on the pinion and place the spacer between the rack and the gate, positioning it on top of the slot. In this way the play on the slot will make it possible to make future adjustments.
3. Mark the drilling point on the gate. Drill $6.5 \mathrm{~mm} \varnothing$ hole and thread using an $8 \mathrm{~mm} \varnothing$ male. Tighten the bolt.
4. Manually move the gate, ensuring that the rack is NOT resting on the pinion (leave 1.5 mm of clearance) and repeat the operations from point 3.
5. Draw up another rack element to the previous one using a piece of rack to mesh the teeth of the two elements, as shown in Fig. 16.
6. Manually move the gate and, as for the first element, proceed with securing until the gate is completely covered.


Check that during gate travel, all the rack elements remain on the pinion.

- 8

Do not weld the rack elements together or to the spacers.
-8
Once rack installation is complete, to guarantee correct meshing with the pinion, lower the gearmotor approximately 1.5-2 mm using the provided adjustment screws (Fig. 17 ref. (1)).

Tighten the fixing nuts (Fig. 9 ref. (4)) with 80 Nm of torque.
Tighten the fixing nuts (Fig. 10 ref. (6)) with 40 Nm of torque.

Do not use grease or other lubricating products between the pinion and the rack (Fig. 17)
mechanical stops smoothly and that there is not friction during its travel.


6 OPERATION

### 6.1 CONNECTING THE CONTROL BOARD

Before carrying out any work on the board (connections, programming, maintenance) always cut off the electrical power.

- Follow points 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of the GENERAL SAFETY REGULATIONS.

ON

$\triangle$

- Following the instructions shown in Fig. 3, place the cables in the runners and make the electrical connections with the chosen accessories.
- Always separate the power cables from the control and safety cables (button, receiver, photocells, etc.).
- To avoid possible electrical disturbance, use separate sheathing.


### 6.1.1 CONNECTIONS MADE BY THE INSTALLER

Connect the 230 VAC line (see fig. 18):

- L: Phase
- N: Neutral
- PE: Earth



### 6.1.2 ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT

Inside the operator, the electronic control unit is secured to a bracket (Fig. 19 ref. (1)) and protected by a cover (Fig. 19 ref. (2)).

To correctly connect and program the control unit, remove the cover and follow the instructions in section 11 (E850 Electronic Control Unit).


### 6.2 FINAL ADJUSTMENT OF THE LIMIT SWITCHES

To correctly adjust the limit switches, the control unit must be installed and correctly connected with all the control and safety accessories.

The stopping and deceleration of the gate, during opening and/or closing, occurs when the cams inside the device activate the microswitches corresponding to the assigned function.

```
FCO = opening limit switch (screw 3)
FCC = closing limit switch (screw 2)
ROP = start of opening deceleration (screw 4)
RCL = start of closing deceleration (screw 1)
```

1. Prepare the operator for MANUAL operation, as described in section 8.
2. Loosen the screws and remove the limit switch unit cover (Fig. 20 ref. (6) (7)).
3. Set the sliding leaf in open position, at least 10 cm before the mechanical limit stop.
4. Loosen the central locking screw of the limit switch unit (Fig. 22 ref. (5).
5. Turn the screw corresponding to the FCO opening limit switch (Fig. 21 ref. (3)) until the microswitch is engaged by the cam.
6. In chart 1, knowing the weight of the sliding leaf, choose the operating speed and calculate the corresponding MINIMUM STOP SPACE S[mm].

Chart 1

7. Then, move the sliding leaf back in closing position according to the amount of identified STOP SPACE.
8. Turn the screw corresponding to ROP opening deceleration (Fig. 21 ref. (4) until the microswitch is engaged by the cam.
9. Place the sliding leaf in closed position, at least 10 cm before the mechanical limit stop.
10. Turn the screw corresponding to the FCC closing limit switch (Fig. 21 ref. (2) until the microswitch is engaged by the cam.
11. Move the sliding leaf back in opening position according to the amount of STOP SPACE identified in chart 1.
12. Turn the screw corresponding to RCL closing deceleration (Fig. 21 ref. (1)) until the microswitch is engaged by the cam.
13. In chart 2, knowing the weight and the operating speed of the sliding leaf, calculate the corresponding DECELERATION TIME t[s].

15. Do not modify the deceleration points (ROP/RCL) and/or stops (FCO/FCC) before having set the deceleration time and speed of the inverter (see section 12.2)
16. Tighten the central locking screw of the limit switch unit (Fig. 22 ref. (5)).
17. Manually place the sliding leaf at half its travel and ensure that the limit switch position corresponds to Fig. 21
18. Refit the limit switch cover.
19. Manually close the sliding leaf.
20. Prepare the operator for NORMAL operation, as described in section 8.
21. Ensure that there is no danger and the safety devices are operating correctly.
22. Give an OPEN pulse and verify correct operation.

## The maximum adjustable STOP SPACE is 5 m .

The operator is supplied with factory settings for automating gates with RIGHT-HAND opening. If the gate requires LEFT-HAND opening, the association of the related opening and closing limit switches is reversed. For these operations, follow the instructions contained in paragraph 11.4.9 Reversing Gate Opening Connections from Right to Left.


Fig. 21


## 7 TESTING THE AUTOMATED SYSTEM

Once operator installation has been completed, carefully check operation of all the connected accessories and safety devices. Refit the transparent guard covering the control unit.
Fit the housing (Fig. 23 ref. (2) and secure it using the four provided screws (Fig. 23 ref. (1)).
Give the customer the "User's Manual" and show how to correctly operate and use the gearmotor, pointing out the areas of potential danger of the automated system.


8 RELEASING/LOCKING THE OPERATOR
To manually move the gate, we recommend cutting off electrical power. Rotating the knob prevents any motor movement.
To release the gearmotor, proceed as follows:

1. Insert the provided key and turn clockwise (Fig. 24 ref. (1)).
2. Turn the release system clockwise until it reaches the mechanical stop (Fig. 24 ref. (2).
3. Open or close the gate manually.


To lock the gearmotor, proceed as follows:

1. Turnthereleasesystemanti-clockwiseuntil itstops(Fig.25ref.(2)).
2. Turn the key anti-clockwise and then remove it from the lock (Fig. 25 ref. (1)).

## Turning the release system knob clockwise will prevent any movement of the motor. <br> Operator releasing and locking operations can be carried out in any gate position.



## 9 MAINTENANCE

We recommend checking system operation every six months, with special attention to the safety devices (including the motor thrust power, which must comply with the regulations in force) and release devices.

## 10 REPAIRS

For repairs, contact an authorised FAAC Service Centre.

11 E850 ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT

### 11.1 WARNINGS

Important: Before carrying out any work on the control unit (connections, maintenance) always cut off the electrical power.

- Always install a differential magnetothermic switch with a suitable activation threshold upstream from the system.
- Connect the earthing cable to the corresponding terminal on connector J9 of the equipment (see fig.28).
- Always separate the power cables from the control and safety cables (button, receiver, photocells, etc.). To avoid any electrical disturbance, use separate sheaths or a shielded cable (with the shield connected to the earth).

11.3 E850 LAYOUT AND COMPONENT DESCRIPTION 11.3.1 E850 LAYOUT

Fig. 27

11.3.2 E850 COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

| DL | SIGNALLING AND PROGRAMMING DISPLAY |
| :--- | :--- |
| LED | INPUT STATUS CONTROL LEDs |
| $\mathbf{J 1}$ | LOW-VOLTAGE TERMINAL BOARD |
| $\mathbf{J 2}$ | MOTOR, FLASHING LAMP AND FAN CONNECTION <br> TERMINAL BOARD |
| $\mathbf{J 3}$ | ROP OPENING DECELERATION CONNECTOR |
| $\mathbf{J 4}$ | DECODER / MINIDEC / RP RECEIVER CONNECTOR |
| $\mathbf{J 5}$ | RCL CLOSING DECELERATION CONNECTOR |
| $\mathbf{J 6}$ | STOP CONNECTOR |
| $\mathbf{J 9}$ | 230 VAC POWER SUPPLY TERMINAL BOARD |
| DS1 | LOOP 1 and LOOP 2 FREQUENCY SELECTOR |
| F1 | MOTOR FUSES AND TRANSFORMER PRIMARY (F 5A) |
| F2 | LOW-VOLTAGE AND ACCESSORIES FUSE (T 800mA) |
| F | "F" PROGRAMMING BUTTON |
| $\mathbf{+}$ | "+" PROGRAMMING BUTTON |
| $\mathbf{-}$ | "-" PROGRAMMING BUTTON |
| TF1 | TRANSFORMER |


11.4.1 TERMINAL BOARD J1 - ACCESSORIES (FIG. 28)

J6=FCC - FCO - Manoeuvre stop command.
J5=RCL - Start of closing deceleration.
J3=ROP - Start of opening deceleration.
LOOP 1 - LOOP 1 magnetic Ioop (OPEN - terminals 1-2): for OPENING.
LOOP 2 - LOOP 2 magnetic loop (SAFETYICLOSE - terminals 3-4): for SAFETY/CLOSING.
EF - Electrical stopping brake for motor locking.
OPEN - "Open" command (N.O. - terminal 5): means any pulse generator (e.g.: button) which, by closing a contact, commands opening and/or closing of the gate.
CLOSE - "Close" command (N.O. - terminal 6): means any pulse generator (e.g.: button) which, by closing a contact, commands closing of the gate.
FSW CL - Safety contact when closing (N.C. - terminal 7): he purpose of the closing safety devices when closing is to protect the area affected by the movement of the gate during the closing phase, reversing the motion. They never trip during the opening cycle. The CLOSING SAFETY DEVICES, if tripped when the automated system is open, will prevent the closing movement.

If CLOSING safety devices are not connected, jumper terminals FSW CL and GND (Fig. 32).
NOTE: If this connection is made, it will not be possible to use the FAILSAFE control.
STOP - STOP contact (N.C. - terminal 8): means any device (e.g.: button) which, by opening a contact, can stop movement of the automated system.

If STOP devices are not connected, jumper terminals STOP and GND (Fig. 32).
FSW OP - Safety contact when closing (N.C. - terminal 9): the purpose of the opening safety devices when opening is to protect the area affected by the movement of the gate during the opening phase, reversing its motion. They never trip during the closing cycle. The OPENING SAFETY DEVICES, if tripped when the automated system is closed, will prevent the opening movement.
 If OPENING safety devices are not connected, jumper terminals FSW OP and GND (Fig. 32).

GND (terminals 10-11-19) - Accessories power supply negative
24 VDC (terminals 12-13) - Accessories power supply positive
The max. load of the accessories is 500 mA . To calculate absorption, refer to the instructions included with the individual accessories.

OUT 1 - DECELERATION COMMAND (terminal 14): signal telling the inverter that deceleration has begun.
OUT 2 - CLOSE COMMAND (terminal 15): signal telling the inverter that the gate is closing.
OUT 3 - OPEN COMMAND (terminal 16): signal telling the inverter that the gate is opening.

To avoid compromising correct system operation, do not exceed the power indicated in fig. 28.
OUT 4 - Output 4 open-collector +24 VDC (terminal 18): the output can be set in one of the functions described in Advanced Programming Level (par. 11.5.2.). The default value for ALL PRE-SETTINGS is BUS COMMUNICATION.
Maximum load: 24 VDC with 100 mA.
11.4.2 PHOTOCELL CONNECTION TO RELAYS AND SAFETY DEVICES WITH "N.C." CONTACT

The E850 board is designed to connect to closing safety devices that trip only during gate closing movement, and are therefore suitable for protecting the gate closing area form risk of impact.


If the connection of two or more safety devices is required (N.C. contacts), they must be placed in series, as shown in figures 29, 30, and 31 under the wording "SAFE".


### 11.4.3 BUS PHOTOCELL CONNECTION

BUS-technology photocells are connected to the E850 control unit ALL IN PARALLEL, as shown in Fig. 32 and Fig. 33 using a single power supply/communication line.
$\square$ BUS photocells and pulse generators do not require a matching polarity connection.
,
The board is designed to connect up to 8 pairs of BUS 2easy photocells.
The photocells are divided by quantity in the following groups:

Pairs of CLOSING photocells: $\quad \max 7$
Pairs of photocells for OPEN pulse: max 1

positioning the BUS-technology photocells, proceed with the DIP-SWITCHES located on each photocell.


Set the SAME chosen DIP-SWITCH ADDRESS on both the transmitter and receiver of the same pair.

Ensure that two or more pairs of photocells do not have the same address.

- 8

If no BUS accessories are used, leave terminals 18 and 19 free.

The following table describes how to set the dip-switches located inside the transmitter and receiver of the BUS photocells.
Table - Addressing BUS photocell PAIRS

| TX DIP-SWITCH |  |  | $\underset{\text { ADDRESS }}{\text { SAME }} \rightarrow$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { RX } \\ \text { DIP-SWITCH } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dip1 | Dip2 | Dip3 | Dip4 | Ref. | Type |
| ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | B-C | OPENING |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |  |  |
| OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |  |  |
| OFF | OFF | ON | ON |  |  |
| OFF | ON | ON | OFF |  |  |
| OFF | ON | ON | ON |  |  |
| ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | D | CLOSING |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |  |  |
| ON | OFF | ON | OFF |  |  |
| ON | OFF | ON | ON |  |  |
| ON | ON | OFF | OFF |  |  |
| ON | ON | OFF | ON |  |  |
| ON | ON | ON | OFF |  |  |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | A | OPENING and CLOSING |
| OFF | ON | OFF | ON |  |  |
| ON | ON | ON | ON | $I$ | OPEN PULSE |

To allow operation of the installed BUS accessories, store them on the board, as described in paragraph 11.5.3.
11.4.4 TERMINAL BOARD J2, FLASHING LAMP (FIG.28) LAMP (LAMP-COM): Flashing lamp output.
11.4.5 TERMINAL BOARD J9 - POWER SUPPLY (FIG. 34) PE: Earth connection
N: $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $115 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ Power supply (Neutral)
L: $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $115 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ Power supply (Line)
For correct operation, you must connect the board to the system's earth conductor. Ensure that a suitable differential magnetothermic switch has been installed upstream.
 RP2 Receivers.
If a 2-channel receiver is used, like the RP2, it will be possible to directly command automated system OPEN and CLOSE from a 2-channel radio control.
If a 1-channel receiver is used, like the RP, it will only be possible to command OPEN.
Connect the accessory with the components side facing inside the board.

Boards should be connected or disconnected ONLY after having cut off electrical power.

### 11.4.9 REVERSING GATE OPENING CONNECTIONS FROM



Fig. 35 gate requires LEFT-HAND opening, the connections will be inverted on site, as shown in figures 36 and 37.

Fig. 36

GATE WITH RIGHT-HAND OPENING (DEFAULT)


GREY
PINK
GREEN
YELLOW $-$
WHITE
BROWN

GATE WITH LEFT-HAND OPENING


OMRON INVERTER




## (3)





## 11．5 PROGRAMMING

To program automated system operation，you must access＂PROGRAMMING＂ mode．
Programming is divided into three levels：BASIC，ADVANCED and EXPERT．
Changes to the programming parameters become immediately effective，while final storage occurs only upon exiting programming and returning to the automated system status display．If the equipment is powered down before returning to the automated system status display，all changes made will be lost．

It is possible to return to the status display at any point during programming at any level by simultaneously pressing＂F＂and＂－＂

## 11．5．1 BASIC PROGRAMMING LEVEL

BASIC PROGRAMMING LEVEL is accessed by pressing $F$ ：
－when pressed（and held）the name of the first function is displayed．
－releasing the key，the function value is displayed and can be modified using the＋and－keys．
－when $F$ is pressed again（and held）the name of the following function is displayed，and so on．
－once the last function is reached，pressing $\mathbf{F}$ will exit programming mode and the display will go back to showing the inputs status．

| PROGRAMMAZIONE LIVELLO BASE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |


| Display | Funzione | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1， | LOOP 2： <br> When this function is enabled，the loop connected to the Loop2 input will serve as a SAFETY／CLOSE function，i．e．it will operate as a SAFETY during closing and，once it is uncovered，it will command the board to CLOSE． $\begin{aligned} & \text { U = loop2 active } \\ & \text { חロ = loop2 not active } \end{aligned}$ <br> Warning：if the function does not activate，the state of Loop2 will in any case be available on one of the duly set outputs（see advanced programming level）． | 「ルー |
| H1 | BOOST LOOP 1 FUNCTION： <br> U＝Active $\quad$ חロ＝Disabled <br> This function lets you increase the sensitivity level at the time of detection．When the vehicle moves away from the loop，the sensitivity will return to the selected level．This system makes it possible to maintain the detection contact even in case of very tall vehicles or during the transit of a tractor with trailer． | 「1ロ |
| ーニ | FUNZIONE BOOST LOOP 2： <br> $Ч=$ Active $\quad$ nロ＝Disabled <br> See BOOST LOOP1 function． | 「1ロ |
| ■1 | LOOP 1 SENSITIVITY <br> Regulates the sensitivity of the loop $\begin{aligned} & \square \\|=\text { minimum } \\ & \\| \square=\text { maximum } \end{aligned}$ | Iㅡㅡㅢ |
| 三ニ | LOOP 2 SENSITIVITY <br> Regulates the sensitivity of the loop $\begin{aligned} \square \\| & =\text { minimum } \\ \\| \square & =\text { maximum } \end{aligned}$ | － |
| ミロ | AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS： <br> Exit programming． <br> store settings and return to automated system status display． <br> Closed <br> Pre－flashing during opening <br> Opening <br> Open <br> Paused <br> Pre－flashing during closing <br> Closing <br> Stopped ready to close <br> Stopped ready to open <br> Stopped with closing safety devices and <br> Opening safety devices tripped，then | hen opens ens |

Display of the automated system status 5 L is ex－ tremely important for the installation／maintenance technician in order to distinguish the logical pro－ cesses that the board carries out during movement．

If，for example，the automated system status is CLOSED，the display MUST read IU．When the OPEN command is received，the display will chan－ ge to 1 ，if pre－flashing is enabled，or directly to OL（the OPENING movement）to then display $\square \square$ once the OPEN gate position is reached．
11.5.2 CHANGING THE PRE-SETTINGS

Changing the parameter dF lets you automatically load a configuration which will modify all the programming values at every level with pre-set values.
This option is a handy starting point to quickly program the E850 for operation.

The selectable PRE-SETTING is:

## - Ill Loaded FAAC default

To make the pre-setting value loading effective, select pre-setting $\langle\mid \|\rangle$ and exit the basic programming level.

EXAMPLE: by selecting Ill and exiting the basic programming level, all FAAC production values are loaded and can be found in the BASIC, ADVANCED AND EXPERT level tables in the "Default" column. The E850 is therefore configured to move a gate.

LOADING OF A PRE-SETTING CANCELS ALL PREVIOUSLY MADE CHANGES TO ANY PROGRAMMING PARAMETER. IF YOU DO NOT WISH TO LOAD A PRE-SETTING, LEAVE THE PARAMETER dIF ON NI.

The parameter $d F$, unlike the others, does not store the selected value but always returns to displaying as a standard condition.
It is therefore not possible to recognise which pre-setting was set previously.

If you do not wish to load a pre-setting, ALWAYS leave the parameter $\mathrm{IF}^{\mathrm{F}}$ set on Na and go on to the next programming parameter.

Ensure that you perform default loading and exit the basic programming level BEFORE you change any other parameters to avoid cancelling all the changes made.

### 11.5.3 NEW BUS E850 SIGNAL



FSW CL FSW OPEN
Fig. 38
Segment ON = means that at least one corresponding BUS device is active/engaged.
Segment OFF $=$ means that no corresponding BUS device is active/engaged.
(when the gate is closed at rest).
BUS STATUS segment always on.

At the BASIC programming level there will be the parameter bu for BUS devices:

- when $F$ is released, mo will appear only if no BUS device is entered.

By simultaneously pressing + and - for 5 sec., a new entry will be made. During this time, the writing no will flash and once the BUS entry procedure is completed, no will become When + and - are released, $\unlhd$ will disappear and the BUS device status signal will appear. With the gate closed at rest with no BUS device active/engaged, the signal shown in Fig. 39.

Fig. 39


If once the entry is completed there are NO BUS devices, the display will go back to rio.

When an entry is completed, to verify the devices recognised in the basic programming level by the BUS device status signal, press and hold + . The display will show the types of BUS devices entered.


Fig. 39


Fig. 40
The example shown above indicates the visualisation of at least one of the following types of BUS accessories entered:

FSW OP, FSW CL, FSW OPEN.
Release + and press $\mathbf{F}$ to continue programming the other parameters.

The BUS communication system uses a self-diagnostic function able to provide connection error signals or BUS accessories configuration error signals.

Fig. 41

The display will show a FLASHING [C, as in figure 41, if there is a SHORT-CIRCUIT along the BUS line. Check the connections made (section 11.4.3)


Fig. 42
The display will show a FLASHING Er, as in figure 42, in the following cases:

- more than one pair of BUS photocells have the same address.

- CALLING error.
- FAIL SAFE error.

In the latter case, check all the addresses set on all the installed BUS photocells, referring to section 11.4.3.

11．5．4 ADVANCED PROGRAMMING LEVEL
To access ADVANCED PROGRAMMING LEVEL，press F and， holding it，press＋：
－when + is released，the name of the first function will be displayed．
－releasing both $\boldsymbol{+}$ and $\mathbf{F}$ ，the display will show the value of the function that can be changed using + and - ．
－by pressing F（and holding it），the display will show the name of the next function；releasing it will show the value that can be changed using + and - ．
－once the last function is reached，pressing $\mathbf{F}$ will exit programming mode and the display will go back to showing the inputs status．

| Display | Funzione | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FG | SERVICE REQUEST（linked to the following two functions）： <br> If activated，at the end of the countdown（which can be set using the two following＂Cycle Programming＂functions）it activates the LAMP output for 4 sec every 30 sec （service request）． It can be useful for setting programmed maintenance operations． $\begin{aligned} & \square=\text { Active } \\ & \text { חロ = Disabled } \end{aligned}$ | 「ルー |
| 「に | CYCLE PROGRAMMING IN THOUSANDS： <br> Makes it possible to set a system operation cycles countdown；the value can be set from 0 to 99 （thousands of cycles）．The value displayed is refreshed with the succession of the cycles， interacting with the value of $\cap[$（ 99 decrements of $\cap \subset$ correspond to 1 decrement of $\cap[$ ）． The function can be used，together with ni［．， to verify the use of the system and for use of ＂Service Request＂． | [illl |
| וI | CYCLE PROGRAMMING IN HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS： <br> Makes it possible to set a system operation cycles countdown；the value can be set from 0 to 99 （hundreds of thousands of cycles）．The value displayed is refreshed with the succession of the cycles，interacting with the value of nG （1 decrement of n［．corresponds to 99 decrements of Пロ）． <br> The function can be used，together with na ， to verify the use of the system and for use of ＂Service Request＂． | $\square 1$ |
| 11 | LOOP 1 HOLDING TIME <br> Makes it possible to set presence time on loop 1．When this time has elapsed，the board will self－calibrate and signal＂loop clear＂（unit decimal point OFF）．When the board is turned on，an automatic reset is carried out． $\begin{aligned} & \square=5 \text { minutes } \\ & \text { คוロ = infinite } \end{aligned}$ | 「ロー |
| にコ | LOOP 2 HOLDING TIME <br> akes it possible to set presence time on loop 2. When this time has elapsed，the board will self－calibrate and signal＂loop clear＂（unit decimal point OFF）．When the board is turned on，an automatic reset is carried out．． $\begin{aligned} & \breve{Y}=5 \text { minutes } \\ & \cap ロ=\text { infinite } \end{aligned}$ | 「ロー |
| 三に | AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS： <br> Exits programming，storage of the settings and return to the automated system status display （see paragraph 11．5．1．）． |  |

11.5.5 SETTING THE INTEGRATED LOOP DETECTOR

The E850 features an integrated metal mass detector for the induction detection of vehicles.

## Specifications:

- Galvanic separation between the detector electronics and the loop electronics
- automatic system alignment immediately following activation
- continuous resetting of the frequency drifts
- sensitivity independent of loop inductivity
- loop work frequency adjustment
- occupied loop message with LED visualisation
- loop status addressable on OUT 4


## Connection:

Connect the detection loops as shown in figure 28:

- Terminals 1-2 for LOOP $1=$ loop with gate opening function; - Terminals 3-4 for LOOP 2 = loop with closing and/or safety function.

To enable operation of the connected loops, enter basic programming level mode and set the parameters $\mathrm{L} \mid$ and L ᄅ on $\square$, consistent with the connected loops. If only one loop is installed, enable only the corresponding parameter.

The loop detector operating status is shown using the display decimal points when the automated system status is visualised (parameter Iㅡ)

## CALIBRATION

Each time the E850 board is powered, the display shows the automated system status and the integrated loop detector performs the auto-calibration of the connected loops. Therefore, perform an auto-calibration of the E850 for at least 5 seconds.

Calibration is signalled by the two flashing decimal points, as shown in figure 43.

Fig. 43


If one or both magnetic loops are not installed, the loop detector remains in constant calibration mode without causing problems to board operation. Therefore, during visualisation of the automated system status, one or both decimal points will flash constantly.

Once calibration is completed, the decimal points represent the loop statuses:
Decimal point ON = Loop ENGAGED
Decimal point OFF = Loop CLEAR


[^0]
## ADJUSTING THE SENSITIVITY

By adjusting the sensitivity you determine the variation of inductivity, for each channel, which a vehicle must cause in order to activate the corresponding detector output.
Sensitivity is adjusted separately for each channel with the use of the parameters and at basic programming level. See section 11.5.1.

## ADJUSTING THE HOLDING TIME

The holding time count starts when the loop is engaged. When the time has elapsed, if the loop is still occupied, a new automatic calibration is performed, in which the presence of the metal mass on the loop no longer determines its engagement. At the end of the new calibration the loop is considered "clear". The holding time can be adjusted using the parameters hla and ho in advanced programming mode.
See section 11.5.4.

## ADJUSTING THE FREQUENCY and NEW BALANCING

The work frequency of each detector channel can be adjusted on two levels using dip-switches DS1 (see fig.27).

DIP 1 ON = Loop 1 frequency LOW
 OFF= Loop 1 frequency HIGH
DIP 2 ON = Loop 2 frequency LOW OFF= Loop 2 frequency HIGH
When one of the dip-switches is changed, we recommend performing a new calibration. If two loops are installed, select different frequencies for each loop.

## NOTES FOR MAKING THE LOOPS

The loop must be made at least 15 cm from fixed metal objects, at least 50 cm from moving metal objects and no more than 5 cm from the surface of the final paving.
Use a standard unipolar cable measuring $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ in diameter (if the cable is laid below ground level directly, it must have double insulation). Make a preferably square or rectangular loop, by preparing a cable runner in PVC or by tracing the paving as shown in figure 44 (corners must be cut at a $45^{\circ}$ angle to avoid cable breaks). Lay the cable using the number of windings shown in the table. The two ends of the cable must be twisted together (at least 20 times per metre) from the loop to the detector. Avoid splicing a cable (if necessary, weld the conductors and seal the splice using a heat-shrinking sheath) and keep it separate from the mains power lines.


Fig. 44

### 11.6 E850 BOARD START-UP

### 11.6.1 VERIFYING THE BOARD LEDs

Before final start-up of the E850 electronic control unit, check the activation status of the board LEDs.
The LEDs indicate the status of the board inputs and are extremely important for movement of the automated system:
LED ON : contact CLOSED
LED OFF : contact OPEN

Figure 45 shows the standard LED configuration with the automated system CLOSED and ready to open.

The FSW OP (DL5), STOP (DL4), FSW CL (DL3) and FCO FCC (DL8) inputs are safety inputs with N.C. (normally closed) contact, therefore the corresponding LEDs are ON.

The FCA and FCC LEDs are the N.C. contacts of the limit switches which, if
 engaged, will open thus turning off the corresponding LED:

With the Automated

System CLOSED

With the Automated System OPEN
With the Automated Sy

### 11.8 EXPERT PROGRAMMING LEVEL

The expert programming level is used only if you wish to perform an advanced customisation of the operating logics.


Before making changes at this level, ensure that the parameters you wish to change and their effect on the automated system are fully understood.
To access EXPERT PROGRAMMING LEVEL, press F and, holding it, press + for approximately 10 seconds. The use of F, + and - is the same as in the other two programming levels.

| EXPERT PROGRAMMING LEVEL |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Display | Function | Setting |


| Display | Funzione | Impostazione |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Э | When this function is activated，the CLOSE command during opening stops operation， otherwise the CLOSE command commands immediate reverse or when opening is completed（see also parameter $\mathrm{I}^{1-1}$ ） | $\begin{aligned} & \sqcup=\text { CLOSE stops } \\ & \mathrm{no}=\text { CLOSE reverses } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | When this function is activated and if the parameter 17 is＂no＂，the CLOSE command commands immediate closing at the end of the opening cycle（stores CLOSE）．If the parameters 1 | $\sqcup=$ closes at the end of opening <br> $\mathrm{no}=$ inmediate closure |
| $1 \square_{1}$ | When this function is activated，with the system stopped by a STOP another OPEN command moves in the opposite direction．If the parameter ${ }^{I}$ Is＂no＂，it always closes． | $\begin{aligned} & \zeta=\text { moves in the opposite direction } \\ & n \circ=\text { always closes } \end{aligned}$ |
| 同 | When this function is activated，during closing，the CLOSING SAFETY DEVICES stop and allow motion to resume when they are no longer engaged，otherwise they immediately reverse opening． | $\sqcup=$ closes when no longer engaged <br> $\mathrm{no}=$ immediate reversal |
| 17 | When this function is activated，the CLOSING SAFETY DEVICES command closing when they are no longer engaged （see also parameter 18）． | ```\zeta c closes when FSW is no longer engaged mo = disabled``` |
| 1 回 | When this function is activated and if the parameter ${ }^{-1}$ is 4 ，the unit will wait for the opening cycle to end before executing the closing command sent by the CLOSING SAFETY DEVICES． | $\zeta=$ closes at the end of opening <br> no＝disabled |
| $1 \square$ | When this function is activated，during closing，LOOP2 stops and allows motion to resume when no longer engaged，otherwise it immediately reverses to opening． | $\sqcup=$ closes when no longer engaged <br> $\mathrm{no}=$ immediate reversal |
| 二｜In | When this function is activated，LOOP2 commands closing when it is no longer engaged （see also parameter 리）． | $\begin{aligned} & \breve{Y}=\text { closes if LOOP2 is clear } \\ & \mathrm{nO}=\text { disabled } \end{aligned}$ |
| こ1 | When this function is activated and if the parameter opening cycle to end before executing the closing command sent by LOOP2． | $\begin{aligned} & \sqcup=\text { closes at the end of opening } \\ & n \circ=\text { disabled } \end{aligned}$ |
| こコ | When this function is activated，the LOOP1 commands have priority over those of LOOP2． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ч = active } \\ & \mathrm{nO}=\text { disabled } \end{aligned}$ |
| ロコ | LOOP 1 commands opening and，once completed，it closes if no longer engaged（useful in case of vehicle back－up with consecutive loops）．If disabled，when LOOP 1 is no longer engaged，it does not close． | $Ч=$ closes if LOOP1 is clear <br> no＝disabled |
| ニー｜ | NOT USED | 1 |
| ニ゙コ | A．D．M．A．P Function <br> When this function is activated，the result is operation of safety devices compliant with French standards． | $\zeta=$ active <br> no＝disabled |
| ニー | When this function is activated，the CLOSING SAFETY DEVICES during closing stop and reverse movement when they are no longer engaged，otherwise they reverse immediately． | $\zeta=$ stops and reverses when no longer engaged． <br> n口＝reverses immediately |
| ロー | NO EFFECT | 1 |
| ■1 | PRE－FLASHING： <br> Lets you adjust，in 1 sec steps，the desired duration of pre－flashing，from a minimum of 00 to a maximum of 10 seconds | 05 |
| 口に | TIMEOUT FOR REVERSE WHEN CLOSING： <br> If this function is activated，during closing you can decide to reverse or stop movement when the timeout elapses（the closing limit switch is not reached）． | $\begin{aligned} & Y=\text { reverses } \\ & \mathrm{no}=\text { stops } \end{aligned}$ |
| ■コ | OPENING AT POWER UP： <br> In the event of a power failure，once it is restored，you can command opening by enabling this function（only if the automated system is not closed，FCC clear）． | $\zeta=$ opens <br> $\mathrm{no}=$ remains stationary |
| ■ | AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS： <br> Exit programming，store settings and return to gate status display（see paragraph 11．5．1．）． |  |

## 11．8．1．PERSONALISING THE OPERATING LOGIC

The expert programming level values vary depending on the operating logic chosen at the basic programming level．
The expert programming level is for personalising one of the selectable logics should a non－standard operating mode be required．
To make effective the change of one or more expert programming level parameters that personalise the set operating logic，proceed as follows：

Select the basic logic that most suits your needs．
Enter the expert programming level and change the desired parameters．
Exit expert level from the basic level and select the logic Lu．
The logic $[\amalg$ activates the changes made at expert level．

A: AUTOMATIC logic (Tab. 1/a)
A1: AUTOMATIC 1 logic (Tab. 1/b)
EP: STEP-BY-STEP logic (Tab. 1/c)
E: SEMI-AUTOMATIC logic (Tab. 1/d)
C: DEAD-MAN logic (Tab. 1/f)
CU: CUSTOM logic (this logic cannot be selected; it appears automatically each time you go to the parameter LD and any parameter is changed from its default setting).
Tab. 1/a

| "A" LOGIC | PULSES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS | OPEN A | CLOSE | STOP | FSW OP | FSW CL | FSW CLIOP |
| CLOSED | opens and closes after the pause time | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) |
| AT OPENING | no effect (1) | recloses the gate | stops operation | see Advanced Programming level | no effect | stops and when no longer engaged opens (stores CLOSE) |
| OPEN IN PAUSE | recharges pause time (1) | recloses the gate | stops operation | no effect | recharges pause time (CLOSE disabled) | recharges pause time (CLOSE disabled) |
| AT CLOSURE | reopens the gate | no effect | stops operation | no effect | reverses to opening (see 2nd lev. prog.) | stops and when no longer engaged opens (stores CLOSE) |
| STOPPED | closes the gate | closes the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) |

Tab. 1/b

| "A1" LOGIC | PULSES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS | OPEN A | CLOSE | STOP | FSW OP | FSW CL | FSW CLIOP |
| CLOSED | opens and closes after the pause time | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) |
| AT OPENING | no effect (1) | recloses the gate | stops operation | see 2nd lev. prog. | continues to open and recloses immediately | stops and when no longer engaged opens (stores CLOSE) |
| OPEN IN PAUSE | recharges pause time (1) | recloses the gate | stops operation | no effect | stops and when no longer engaged closes immediately | $\begin{aligned} & \text { recharges pause } \\ & \text { time } \\ & \text { (CLOSE disabled) } \end{aligned}$ |
| AT CLOSURE | reopens the gate | no effect | stops operation | no effect | reverses to opening (see 2nd lev. prog.) | stops and when no longer engaged opens (stores CLOSE) |
| STOPPED | closes the gate | closes the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) |

Jab. 1/c

| "EP" LOGIC | PULSES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS | OPEN A | CLOSE | STOP | FSW OP | FSW CL | FSW CLIOP |
| CLOSED | opens the gate | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) |
| AT OPENING | stops operation (1) | recloses the gate | stops operation | see 2nd lev. prog. | no effect | stops and when no longer engaged opens (OPEN stops - CLOSE is stored) |
| OPEN IN PAUSE | recloses the gate (1) | recloses the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect | no effect (CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) |
| AT CLOSURE | stops operation | no effect | stops operation | no effect | reverses to opening (see 2nd lev. prog.) | stops and when no longer engaged opens (OPEN stops <br> - CLOSE is stored) |
| STOPPED | resumes motion in the opposite direction. After STOP always closes | closes the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN stops CLOSE is stored) |

$\partial$ In brackets, the effects on the other inputs when the pulse is active.

| "E" LOGIC | PULSES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS | OPEN A | CLOSE | STOP | FSW OP | FSW CL | FSW CLIOP |
| CLOSED | opens the gate | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) |
| AT OPENING | stops operation | recloses the gate | stops operation | see 2nd lev. prog. | no effect | stops and when no longer engaged opens (OPEN stops CLOSE is stored). |
| OPEN IN PAUSE | recloses the gate | recloses the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect | no effect (CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) |
| AT CLOSURE | reopens the gate | no effect | stops operation | no effect | reverses to opening (see 2nd lev. prog.) | stops and when no longer engaged opens (OPEN stops CLOSE is stored). |
| STOPPED | closes the gate | closes the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN stops CLOSE is stored) |

Tab. 1/e

| "PE" LOGIC | PULSES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS | OPEN A | CLOSE | STOP | FSW OP | FSW CL | FSW CLIOP |
| CLOSED | opens and closes after the pause time | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) |
| AT OPENING | no effect (1) | recloses the gate | stops operation | when no longer engaged, reverses immediately | continues to open and recloses immediately | stops and when no longer engaged opens (stores CLOSE) |
| OPEN IN PAUSE | resets pause time (1) | recloses the gate | stops operation | no effect | stops and when no longer engaged closes immediately | recharges pause time (CLOSE disabled) |
| AT CLOSURE | reopens the gate | no effect | stops operation | no effect | reverses to opening (see 2nd lev. prog.) | stops and when no longer engaged opens (stores CLOSE) |
| STOPPED | closes the gate | closes the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | $\qquad$ |

Tab. 1/f

| "C" LOGIC | PULSES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AUTOMATED SYSTEM STATUS | OPEN A | CLOSE | STOP | FSW OP | FSW CL | FSW CLIOP |
| CLOSED | opens the gate | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect | no effect (OPEN disabled) |
| AT OPENING | no effect | closes the gate | stops operation | see 2nd lev. prog. | no effect | stops and when no longer engaged see 2nd lev. prog. |
| OPEN IN PAUSE | no effect | closes the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect | no effect (CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) |
| AT CLOSING | opens the gate | no effect | stops operation | no effect | stops operation | stops operation |
| STOPPED | opens the gate | closes the gate | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN disabled) | no effect (CLOSE disabled) | no effect (OPEN/CLOSE disabled) |

O In brackets, the effects on the other inputs when the pulse is active.


|  | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPOWER | POWER LED | On when the control circuit is powered. |
| - ALARM | ALARM LED | On when there is an inverter fault. |
| - RUN | RUN LED (during a RUN command) | On when the inverter is running. |
| - PRG | PROGRAM LED | On when the set value of each function is indicated on the data display. Flashing when in "warning" mode (when the set value is not valid). |
|  | Data display | Displays the important data, such as reference frequency, output current and set values. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \circ \mathrm{Hz} \\ & \circ \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | Data display LED | On depending on the indication on the data display. Hz : frequency A : current |
| $\bigcirc$ | RUN command LED | On when the RUN command is set on the programming panel (the RUN key on the programming panel is enabled for operation). |
| RUN | RUN key | Activates the inverter. Available only when operation is selected using the programming panel. (Ensure that the RUN command LED is on) Forward/Back rotation depends on the setting of "F\|, |
| STOP | STOP/RESET key | Reduces the speed and stops the inverter. Same function as the RESET key when there is an inverter fault. |

Name

### 12.2 PROGRAMMING THE INVERTER



WARNING: DO NOT CHANGE parameters other than those indicated in this section.
Incorrect changes can be dangerous for people, things or the C850 motor.
The inverter parameters have all been set on default values by the manufacturer during testing.

Among all of them, the installer only has available a few programmable inverter parameters:

- press one of the two GREY buttons until the desired value appears
- press the YELLOW button to confirm;
- to exit programming, press the BLUE button for 5 sec, until [|UN appears;
- press the BLUE button to exit, and the display will show I.D.


## PROGRAMMING THE F002 ACCELERATION TIME

For programming, proceed as follows:

- with the gate stationary and powered, the inverter display will show II.D;
- press the BLUE button, and the display will show the first group of parameters

- press the GREY button until the parameter group $\stackrel{F}{ }$ appears;

- press one of the two GREY buttons until FIII appears;

- press the BLUE button, and the display will show the value of the parameter;
- press one of the two GREY buttons until the desired value appears;

- press the YELLOW button to confirm;
- to exit programming, press the BLUE button for 5 sec, until g|ll appears;
- press the BLUE button to exit, and the display will show I.L.


## PROGRAMMING THE F003 DECELERATION TIME

For programming, proceed as follows:

- with the gate stationary and powered, the inverter display will show II.
- press the BLUE button, and the display will show the first group of parameters

- press the GREY button until the parameter group $F$ appears;

- press the BLUE button, and the display will show F[III;
- press one of the two GREY buttons until FOUJ appears;
- press the BLUE button, and the display will show the value of the parameter;
- press one of the two GREY buttons until the desired value appears;
- press the YELLOW button to confirm;
- to exit programming, press the BLUE button for 5 sec, until [|LIU appears;
- press the BLUE button to exit, and the display will show [1.0.

12.3 12.3 INVERTER DEFAULTS

| Contents | Description | Value | Unit | Contents | Description | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A001 | Reference frequency selection | 02 |  | A075 | PID Scale | 1.00 | Times |
| A002 | RUN command selection | 01 |  | A076 | PID feedback selection | 00 |  |
| A003 | Basic frequency | 50 | Hz | A077 | Inverted PID function | 00 |  |
| A004 | Maximum frequency | 120 | Hz | A078 | PID output limitation function | 0.0 | \% |
| A005 | O/IO Selection | 02 |  | A081 | AVR selection | 02 |  |
| A011 | O Start Frequency | 0.00 | Hz | A082 | AVR voltage selection | 230 | V |
| A012 | O End Frequency | 0.00 | Hz | A085 | RUN mode selection | 00 |  |
| A013 | O Start ratio | 0 | \% |  | Energy savings response/Precision | 50.0 | \% |
| A014 | O/IO Final ratio | 100 | \% | A086 | adjustment | 50.0 | \% |
| A015 | O, IO Sampling | 01 |  | A092 | Acceleration time 2 | 10.00 | Sec |
| A016 | O, IO Sampling | 8 |  | A093 | Deceleration time 2 | 10.00 | Sec |
| A020 | Multi-speed reference 0 | 10.0 | Hz | A094 | 2-phase acceleration/deceleration selection | 00 |  |
| A021 | Multi-speed reference 1 | 50.0 | Hz | A095 | 2-phase acceleration frequency | 0.0 | Hz |
| A022 | Multi-speed reference 2 | 0.0 | Hz | A096 | 2-phase deceleration frequency | 0.0 | Hz |
| A023 | Multi-speed reference 3 | 0.0 | Hz | A097 | Acceleration type selection | 01 |  |
| A024 | Multi-speed reference 4 | 0.0 | Hz | A098 | Deceleration type selection | 01 |  |
| A025 | Multi-speed reference 5 | 0.0 | Hz | A101 | O/IO Start-up frequency | 0.0 | Hz |
| A026 | Multi-speed reference 6 | 0.0 | Hz | A102 | O/IO Final frequency | 0.0 | Hz |
| A027 | Multi-speed reference 7 | 0.0 | Hz | A103 | O/IO Start-up ratio | 0 | \% |
| A028 | Multi-speed reference 8 | 0.0 | Hz | A104 | O/IO Final ratio | 100 | \% |
| A029 | Multi-speed reference 9 | 0.0 | Hz | A105 | IO start-up selection | 01 |  |
| A030 | Multi-speed reference 10 | 0.0 | Hz | A141 | Input A operating frequency setting | 01 |  |
| A031 | Multi-speed reference 11 | 0.0 | Hz | A142 | Input B operating frequency setting | 02 |  |
| A032 | Multi-speed reference 12 | 0.0 | Hz | A143 | Operator selection | 00 |  |
| A033 | Multi-speed reference 13 | 0.0 | Hz | A145 | Frequency addition quantity | 0.0 | Hz |
| A034 | Multi-speed reference 14 | 0.0 | Hz | A146 | Frequency addition direction | 00 |  |
| A035 | Multi-speed reference 15 | 0.0 | Hz | A151 | VR Start-up frequency | 0.0 | Hz |
| A038 | Motion frequency | 6.00 | Hz | A152 | VR Final frequency | 0.0 | Hz |
| A039 | Motion stop selection | 00 |  | A153 | VR Start-up ratio | 0 | \% |
| A041 | Torque boost selection | 00 |  | A154 | VR Final ratio | 100 | \% |
| A042 | Manual torque boost voltage | 1.8 | \% | A155 | VR start-up selection | 01 |  |
| A043 | Manual torque boost frequency | 10.0 | \% | b001 | New attempt selection | 00 |  |
| A044 | V/f characteristics selection | 00 |  | b002 | "Allowed time for temporary power interruption" | 0.3 | Sec |
| A045 | Output voltage gain | 100 | \% |  | New attempt wait time | 1.0 | Sec |
| A051 | DC injection braking selection | 00 |  | b003 | New attempt wait time | 1.0 | Sec |
| A052 | DC injection braking frequency | 0.5 | Hz | b004 | "Temporary power interruption/Sub voltage drop during stop selection" | 00 |  |
| A053 | DC injection braking delay time | 0.0 | Sec | b005 | "New attempt time selection for temporary | 00 |  |
| A054 | DC injection braking power | 50 | \% | b005 | power interruption" | 00 |  |
| A055 | DC injection braking time | 0.5 | Sec | b011 | Start-up frequency at frequency extraction restart | 00 |  |
| A056 | DC injection braking mode selection | 01 |  | b012 | Electronic heat level | 7.10 | A |
| A061 | Upper frequency limit | 0.0 | Hz | b013 | Electronic heat characteristics selection | 01 |  |
| A062 | Lower frequency limit | 0.0 | Hz | b021 | Overload limit selection | 00 |  |
| A063 | Jump frequency 1 | 0.0 | Hz | b022 | Overload limit level | 10.65 | A |
| A064 | Jump frequency 1 amplitude | 0.5 | Hz | b023 | Overload limit parameter | 1.0 | Sec |
| A065 | Jump frequency 2 | 0.0 | Hz | b028 | Overload limit origin selection | 00 |  |
| A066 | Jump frequency 2 amplitude | 0.5 | Hz |  | "Deceleration speed constant at frequency |  |  |
| A067 | Jump frequency 3 | 0.0 | Hz | b029 | extraction restart" | 0.5 | Sec |
| A068 | Jump frequency 3 amplitude | 0.5 | Hz | b030 | Frequency extraction restart level | 7.10 | A |
| A071 | PID selection | 00 |  | b031 | Software block selection | 01 |  |
| A072 | PID P Gain | 1.0 |  | b050 | "No stop in case of temporary power interruption function selection" | 00 |  |
| A073 | PID I Gain | 1.0 | Sec |  | interruption function selection |  |  |
| A074 | PID D Gain | 0.00 | Sec | b051 | "No start-up voltage stop in case of temporary power interruption function" | 0.0 | V |


| Contents | Description | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b052 | "No stop deceleration level stop in case of temporary power interruption function" | 0.0 | V |
| b053 | "No deceleration time stop in case of temporary power interruption function" | 1.0 | Sec |
| b054 | "No deceleration start amplitude stop in case of temporary power interruption function" | 0.0 | Hz |
| b055 | "Proportional gain overvoltage protection during deceleration" | 0.2 |  |
| b056 | "Integral time overvoltage protection during deceleration" | 0.2 | Sec |
| b080 | AM adjustment | 100 |  |
| b082 | Start-up frequency | 0.5 | Hz |
| b083 | Bearing frequency | 12.0 | KHz |
| b084 | Initialisation selection | 00 |  |
| b085 | Initialisation parameter selection | 01 |  |
| b086 | Conversion of frequency conversion | 1.0 |  |
| b087 | STOP key selection | 00 |  |
| b088 | Free rotation stop selection | 00 |  |
| b089 | Monitoring display selection | 01 |  |
| b091 | Stop selection | 00 |  |
| b092 | Cooling fan control | 01 |  |
| b130 | Overvoltage LAD stop function | 00 |  |
| b131 | Overvoltage LAD stop function level setting | 380 | V |
| b133 | "Overvoltage protection during deceleration function selection" | 01 |  |
| b134 | "Overvoltage protection level during deceleration setting" | 395 | V |
| b140 | Overcurrent suppression function | 01 |  |
| b150 | Automatic bearing reduction | 00 |  |
| b151 |  | 00 |  |
| C001 | Multi-function input selection 1 | 00 |  |
| C002 | Multi-function input selection 2 | 01 |  |
| C003 | Multi-function input selection 3 | 02 |  |
| C004 | Multi-function input selection 4 | 18 |  |
| C005 | Multi-function input selection 5 | 12 |  |
| C011 | Multi-function input 1 operation selection | 00 |  |
| C012 | Multi-function input 2 operation selection | 00 |  |
| C013 | Multi-function input 3 operation selection | 00 |  |
| C014 | Multi-function input 4 operation selection | 00 |  |
| C015 | Multi-function input 5 operation selection | 00 |  |
| C021 | Multi-function output terminal selection 11 | 00 |  |
| C026 | Relay output function selection (AL2, AL1) | 05 |  |
| C028 | AM selection | 00 |  |
| C031 | Multi-function output 11 terminal contact selection | 00 |  |
| C036 | Relay output contact selection (AL2, AL1) | 01 |  |
| C038 | Light load signal output mode | 01 |  |
| C039 | Light load detection level | 7.10 | A |
| C041 | Overload warning level | 7.10 | A |
| C042 | Arrival frequency during acceleration | 0.0 | Hz |
| C043 | Arrival frequency during deceleration | 0.0 | Hz |
| C044 | PID excessive deviation limit | 3.0 | \% |
| C052 | PID FB upper limit | 100.0 | \% |
| C053 | PID FB lower limit | 0.0 | \% |
| C070 | Operator/Modbus selection | 02 |  |


| Contents | Description | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C071 | "Communication speed selection (baud rate selection)" | 04 |  |
| C072 | Communication station nr. selection | 1 |  |
| C074 | Communication parity selection | 01 |  |
| C075 | Communication stop bit selection | 1 |  |
| C076 | Communication error selection | 02 |  |
| C077 | Communication error timeout | 0.00 | Sec |
| C078 | Communication wait time | 0 | ms |
| C081 | O Adjustment | 100.0 | \% |
| C082 | IO Adjustment | 100.0 | \% |
| C086 | AM offset adjustment | 0.0 | V |
| C091 | Reserved | 00 |  |
| C101 | UP/DOWN selection | 00 |  |
| C102 | Reset selection | 00 |  |
| C141 | Input A logic operation function | 00 |  |
| C142 | Input B logic operation function | 01 |  |
| C143 | Logic operator selection | 00 |  |
| C144 | Output 11 terminal delay ON | 0.0 | Sec |
| C145 | Output 11 terminal delay OFF | 0.0 | Sec |
| C148 | Output relay delay ON | 0.0 | Sec |
| C149 | Output relay delay OFF | 0.0 | Sec |
| F001 | Output frequency monitoring/setting | 80.0 | Hz |
| F002 | Acceleration time 1 | 2.50 | Sec |
| F003 | Deceleration time 1 | 2.50 | Sec |
| F004 | Operator rotation direction selection | 00 |  |
| H003 | Motor capacity selection | 1.50 | kW |
| H004 | Motor pole number selection | 4 | Pole(s) |
| H006 | Stabilisation parameter | 100 | \% |
| d001 | Output frequency monitoring | 0.0 | Hz |
| d002 | Output current monitoring | 0.0 | A |
| d003 | Rotation direction monitoring | O |  |
| d004 | PID feedback value monitoring | 0.00 |  |
| d005 | Multi-function input monitoring | 0 |  |
| d007 | Output frequency monitoring (after conversion) | 0.00 |  |
| d013 |  | 0 |  |
| d016 |  | 1 |  |
| d017 |  | 49 |  |
| d018 | Tab temperature monitoring | 22.8 | C |
| d080 | Error frequency monitoring | 0 |  |
| d081 | Error monitoring 1 (most recent) | --- |  |
| d082 | Error monitoring 2 | --- |  |
| d083 | Error monitoring 3 | --- |  |
| d104 | Electronic heat monitoring | 0.0 | \% |


| Alarm Code | Alarm Name | Alarm Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\square$ Stop due to overload $_{\square}^{\square}$ | Excessive motor strain |  |

## Troubleshooting:

1. Sliding leaf too heavy.
2. Obstacle preventing correct movement of the sliding leaf.

| Alarm Code | Alarm Name | Alarm Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stop due to overvoltage | • Input power voltage too high or deceleration too fast. |  |
|  | • The currents generated could damage the inverter. |  |

## Troubleshooting:

1. Ensure that the power voltage of terminals $L$ and $N$ is correct.

2. Press STOP/RESET on the inverter.

## STOP RESET

3. Check the RUNNING SPEED, inverter parameter A021, and reduce the speed, if necessary.
4. Check the MINIMUM STOP SPACE in chart 1 in section 6.2 FINALADJUSTMENT OF THE LIMIT SWITCHES, and, if necessary, increase the stop space by adjusting the limit switches.
5. Check the DECELERATION SPACE, as shown in section 6.2 FINALADJUSTMENT OF THE LIMIT SWITCHES, and, if necessary, increase the deceleration space by adjusting the limit switches.
6. Check the DECELERATION set in the parameter F003, as shown in section 6.2 FINALADJUSTMENT OF THE LIMIT SWITCHES, paragraphs 13 and 14, and, if necessary, increase the deceleration value.

NOTE: In case of other ERROR warnings, wait (10 sec) for the inverter to reset automatically. If the ERROR persists, press STOP/RESET

## STOP RESET

### 12.5.1 EXTERNAL PROGRAMMING KEYBOARD

The external programming keyboard is an optional accessory for remotely programming the inverter parameters using the provided RJ45 standard cable connection.
The keyboard memory lets you save and store up to 4 customised programming settings, made available for future use.
The keyboard features an LCD display (Fig. 47).
For complete keyboard functions, see the dedicated instructions.


Abb. 47


Read the instructions carefully before using the product and keep them for future consultation.

## GENERAL SAFETY RULES

If installed and used correctly, the C850 automated system will ensure a high degree of safety.
Some simple rules regarding behaviour will avoid any accidental trouble:

- Do not stand near the automated system and do not allow children and other people or things to stand there, especially while it is operating.
- Keep radiocontrols or any other pulse generator well away from children to prevent the automated system from being activated involuntarily.
- Do not allow children to play with the automated system.
- Do not willingly obstruct gate movement.
- Prevent any branches or shrubs from interfering with gate movement
- Keep light signalling systems efficient and clearly visible.
- Do not attempt to manually operate the gate unless it has been released.
- In the event of malfunctions, release the gate to allow access and wait for qualified technical personnel to do the necessary work.
- After enabling manual operation, switch off the power supply to the system before restoring normal operation.
- Do not make any alterations to the components of the automated system.
- Do not attempt any kind of repair of direct action whatsoever and contact qualified personnel only.
- Call in qualified personnel at least every 6 months to check the efficiency of the automated system, safety devices and earth connection.


## DESCRIPTION

The C850 automated system is ideal for controlling vehicle access areas of medium transit frequency.
The C850 automated system for sliding gates is an electromechanical operator transmitting motion to the sliding gate via a rack pinion or chain appropriately coupled to the gate.
Operation of the sliding gate is controlled by an electronic control unit housed inside the operator.
When, with the gate closed, the unit receives an opening command by radiocontrol or from another suitable device, it activates the motor until the opening position is reached.
If automatic operation was set, the gate re-closes automatically after the selected pause time has elapsed.
If the semi-automatic operation was set, a second pulse must be sent to close the gate again.
An opening pulse during re-closing, always causes movement to

be reversed.
A stop pulse (if provided) always stops movement.
The light signalling indicates that the gate is currently moving. For details on sliding gate behaviour in different function logics, consult the installation technician.
The automated systems include obstacle-detection and/or safety devices (photocells, edges) that prevent the gate from closing when there is an obstacle in the area they protect.
The system ensures mechanical locking when the motor is not operating and, therefore, it is not necessary to install any lock.
Manual opening is, therefore, only possible by using the release system.
A handy manual release makes it possible to move the gate in the event of a power failure or malfunction.

## MANUAL OPERATION

To manually move the gate, we recommend cutting off electrical power. Rotating the knob prevents any motor movement.
To release the operator proceed as follows:

1. Insert the key provided and turn it clockwise as shown in Fig. 1 ref. 1 .
2. Turn the release system clockwise, until the mechanical stop is reached, Fig. 1 ref. 2.
3. Open and close the gate manually.

## RESTORING NORMAL OPERATION

To restore normal operation proceed as follows:

1. Turn the release system anti-clockwise, until its stop is reached, Fig. 2 ref. 2.
2. Turn the key anti-clockwise and remove it from the lock, Fig. 2 ref. 1 .

Turning the release system knob clockwise will prevent any movement of the motor.
Operator releasing and locking operations can be carried out in any gate position.

## MAINTENANCE

We recommend checking system operation every six months, with special attention to the safety and release devices.

## REPAIRS

For any repairs, contact the authorised Repair Centres.

## AVAILABLE ACCESSORIES

Refer to catalogue for available accessories.
MAINTENANCE REGISTER

| Date | Description of job | Signatures |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Technician |
|  |  | Customer |
|  |  | Technician |
|  |  | Customer |
|  |  | Technician |
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|  |  | Technician |
|  |  | Customer |


| Serial number <br> Installation date | 1 A |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| System configuration |  |  |
| PART | MODEL | SERIAL NUMBER |
| Actuator | FAAC C850 |  |
| Safety device 1 |  |  |
| Safety device 2 |  |  |
| Photocell pair 1 |  |  |
| Photocell pair 2 |  |  |
| Control device 1 |  |  |
| Control device 2 |  |  |
| Remote control |  |  |
| Flashing lamp |  |  |
| Other device |  |  |

Indication of residual risks and of foreseeable improper use
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[^0]:    Decimal point FLASHING = Loop NOT CONNECTED or CALIBRATING

